|CH, GATE-2013| www.gateforum.in **CHEMICAL ENGINEERING** Q. No. 1 – 25 Carry One Mark Each 1. The number of emails received on six consecutive days is 11, 9, 18, 18, 4 and 15, respectively. What are the median and the mode for these data? (A) 18 and 11, respectively (B) 13 and 18, respectively (C) 13 and 12.5, respectively (D) 12.5 and 18, respectively Answer: **(B)** For two rolls of a fair die, the probability of getting a 4 in the first roll and a number less than 4 in the 2. second roll, up to 3 digits after the decimal point, is _____. (0.083)**Answer:** _____ Which of the following statements are TRUE? 3. P. The eigen values of a symmetric matrix are real The value of the determinant of an orthogonal matrix can only be +1 Q. R. The transpose of a square matrix A has the same eigen values as those of A S. The inverse of an ' $n \times n$ ' matrix exists if and only if the rank is less than 'n' (B) P and R only (C) Q and R only (D) P and S only (A) P and Q only Answer: **(B)** 4. Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{e^x - 1}$ (Note: C is a constant of integration) (B) $\frac{\ln(e^x-1)}{e^x} + C$ (A) $\frac{e^x}{e^x-1} + C$ (C) $\ln\left(\frac{e^x}{e^x-1}\right) + C$ (D) $\ln(1-e^{-x})+C$ **(D)** Answer:

CH, GATE-2013] www.gateforum.in A gaseous system contains H2, I2, and HI, which participate in the gas-phase reaction 2 HI → H2 + I2 At a state of reaction equilibrium, the number of thermodynamic degrees of freedom is ______ Answer: (3) The thermodynamic state of a closed system containing a pure fluid changes from (T1, p1) to (T2, p2),

- 6. The thermodynamic state of a closed system containing a pure fluid changes from (T1, p1) to (T2, p2), where T and p denote the temperature and pressure, respectively. Let Q denote the heat absorbed (> 0 if absorbed by the system) and W the work done (> 0 if done by the system). Neglect changes in kinetic and potential energies. Which one of the following is CORRECT?
 - (A) Q is path-independent and W is path-dependent
 - (B) Q is path-dependent and W is path-independent
 - (C) (Q W) is path-independent
 - (D) (Q+W) is path-independent

(C) Answer:

7. An equation of state is explicit in pressure p and cubic in the specific volume v. At the critical point 'c', the isotherm passing through 'c' satisfies

(B) $\frac{\partial p}{\partial v} > 0, \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial v^2} < 0$

(D) $\frac{\partial p}{\partial v} = 0, \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial v^2} = 0$

.....

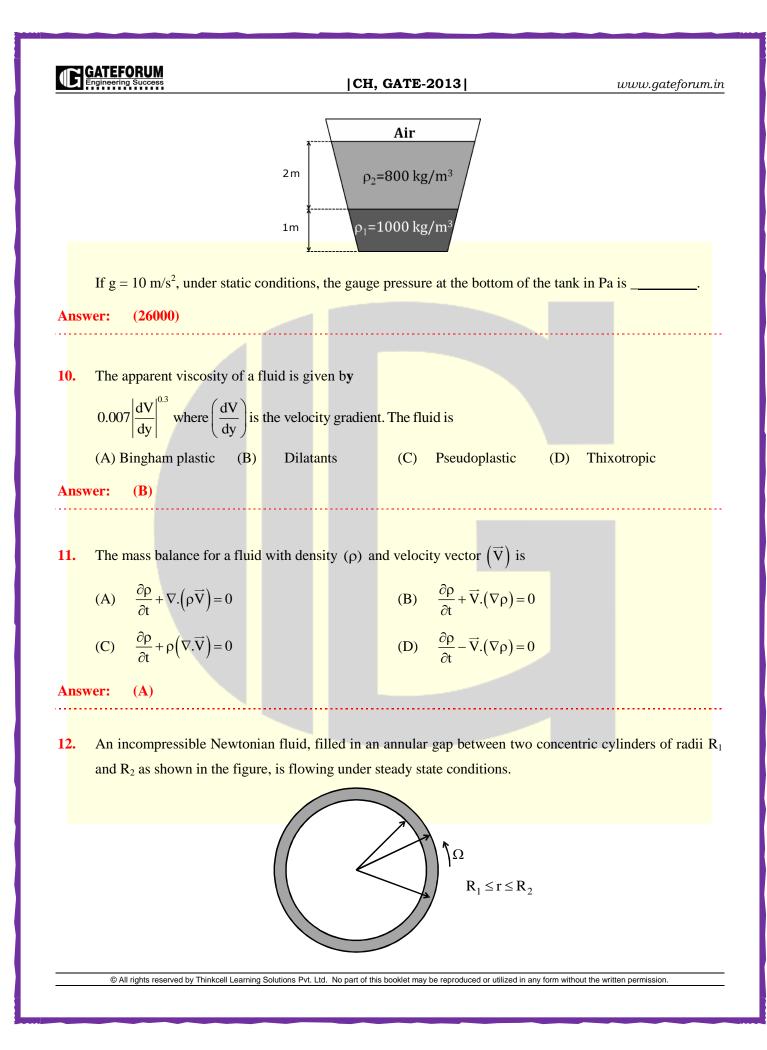
- (A) $\frac{\partial p}{\partial v} < 0, \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial v^2} = 0$
- (C) $\frac{\partial \mathbf{p}}{\partial \mathbf{v}} = 0, \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{p}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^2} < 0$

Answer: (D)

8. The units of the isothermal compressibility are (A) m^{-3} (B) Pa^{-1} (C) $m^3 Pa^{-1}$ (D) $m^{-3} Pa^{-1}$

Answer: (B)

9. An open tank contains two immiscible liquids of densities (800 kg/m³ and 1000 kg/m³) as shown in the figure.



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The outer cylinder is rotating with an angular velocity of Ω while the inner cylinder is stationary. Given that $(R_2 - R_1) \ll R_1$, the profile of the θ – component of the velocity V_{θ} can be approximated by, (B) $\frac{(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}_2)}{(\mathbf{R}_2-\mathbf{R}_1)}\mathbf{r}\Omega$ (A) $R_2\Omega$ (D) $\frac{(r-R_1)}{(R_2-R_1)}R_2\Omega$ (C) $\frac{(r+R_1)}{(R_2+R_1)}R_1\Omega$ **Answer: (D)** For a Newtonian fluid flowing in a circular pipe under steady state conditions in fully developed laminar 13. flow, the Fanning friction factor is (B) $0.0014 + \frac{0.125}{\text{Re}^{0.32}}$ $0.046 \,\mathrm{Re}^{-0.2}$ (A) 16 (C) (D) Re Answer: **(C)** 14. In the Tyler standard screen scale series, when the mesh number increases from 3 mesh to 10 mesh, then (A) the clear opening decreases (B) the clear opening increases (C) the clear opening is unchanged (D) the wire diameter increases Answer: **(A)** 15. Taking the acceleration due to gravity to be 10 m/s2, the separation factor of a cyclone 0.5 m in diameter and having a tangential velocity of 20 m/s near the wall is_____. Answer: (160)

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1	6.	The e	effectiveness of	f a heat exchanger in	the ε – NTU me	thod is defined as	
		(A)		emperature of the co emperature of the ho			
		(B)		temperature attained tit temperature attair	•	d	
		(C)		temperature attaine it temperature attain	•	id	
		(D)	max imum po	acutual heat t		to cold fluid	
A	nsw	er:	(D)				
1'	7. I	ln a po	ool boiling exp	eriment, the followi	ng phenomena we	re observed.	
		P. Na	tural convection	n			
		Q. Fi	lm boiling				
		R. Tr	ansition boilin	g			
		S. Nu	cleate boiling				
		What	was the COR	RECT sequence of t	heir occurrence?		
		(A) P	, Q, R, S	(B) S, R, Q, H	0	(C) Q, R, P, S	(D) P, S, R, Q
A	nsw	er:	(D)				

18. A hole of area 1 cm² is opened on the surface of a large spherical cavity whose inside temperature is maintained at 727 °C. The value of Stefan-Boltzmann constant is 5.67×10^{-8} W/m2-K⁴. Assuming black body radiation, the rate at which the energy is emitted (in W) by the cavity through the hole, up to 3 digits after the decimal point, is ______.

Answer: (5.67)

19. The packing of an existing absorption tower is replaced with a new type of packing. The height of the packing and the inlet conditions are maintained the same as before. Tests reveal that the number of transfer units is lower than before. This indicates that the tower with the new packing, when compared to that with the old packing, will

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- (A) have a higher rate of absorption of the solute from the gas stream
- (B) have a lower rate of absorption of the solute from the gas stream
- (C) have the same rate of absorption of the solute from the gas stream
- (D) have a lower height of transfer unit

Answer: (B)

- 20. A wet solid is dried over a long period of time by unsaturated air of nonzero constant relative humidity. The moisture content eventually attained by the solid is termed as the
 - (A) unbound moisture content
 - (B) bound moisture content
 - (C) free moisture content
 - (D) equilibrium moisture content

Answer: (D)

21. The exit age distribution for a reactor is given by $E(t) = \delta(t-4)$, where t is in seconds. A first order liquid phase reaction (k = 0.25 s⁻¹) is carried out in this reactor under steady state and isothermal conditions. The mean conversion of the reactant at the exit of the reactor, up to 2 digits after the decimal point, is _.

Answer: (0.63)

22. An isothermal liquid phase zero order reaction $A \rightarrow B$ (k = 0.5 mol/m³-s) is carried out in a batch reactor. The initial concentration of A is 2 mol/m³. At 3 seconds from the start of the reaction, the concentration of A in mol/m³ is ______.

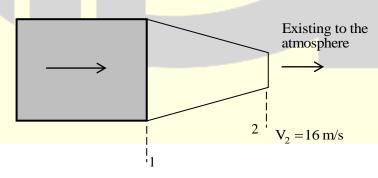
Answer: (0.5)

23. The overall rates of an isothermal catalytic reaction using spherical catalyst particles of diameters 1 mm and 2 mm are r_{A1} and r_{A2} (in mol (kg-catalyst)⁻¹ h⁻¹), respectively. The other physical properties of the catalyst particles are identical. If pore diffusion resistance is very high, the ratio r_{A2}/r_{A1} is _____.

Answer: (0.5)

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24.	In th	e manufacture of sulpl	nuric acid by the	contact process, the cata	alytic oxidation of SO ₂ is carried out						
	mult	nultiple stages mainly to									
	(A)	increase the reaction	rate by providing	inter-stage heating							
	(B)	increase the overall of	conversion by pro	viding inter-stage heati	ng						
	(C)	increase the overall of	conversion by pro	viding inter-stage cooli	ng						
	(D)	decrease the overall	conversion by rer	noving sulphur trioxide	between stages						
Ansv	ver:	(C)									
25.	Mate	ch the following.									
	Grou	up 1		Group 2							
	(P)	Viscosity	(1)	Pyrometer							
	(Q)	Pressure	(2)	Hot wire anemome	ter						
	(R)	Velocity	(3)	Rheometer							
	(S)	Temperature	(4)	Piezoelectric eleme	nt						
	(A)	P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2		(B) P-3, Q-4,	R-2, S-1						
	(C)	P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2		(D) P-4, Q-3,	R-2, S-1						
Ansv	ver:	(B)									
				·····							
			<u>Q. No. 26 – 55</u>	Carry Two Marks Ea	ach						
26.	For th	ne function									
	f(z)	_ 1									
	1 (Z)	$=\frac{1}{(2-z)(z+2)}$									
	The	residue at z=2 is									
Ansv	ver:	(-0.25)									
		(•••===)									
27.	The	solution of the differer	tial equation								
			_								
	$\frac{dy}{dx}$ -	$y^2 = 0$, given $y = 1$ at y	x = 0 is								
	(A)	$\frac{1}{1+x}$ (1)	B) $\frac{1}{1-x}$	(C) $\frac{1}{(1-x)^2}$	(D) $\frac{x^3}{3} + 1$						
	()	1 + x	1 – x	$(1-x)^2$	3						
Ansv	ver:	(B)									

GATEFORUM |CH, GATE-2013| www.gateforum.in The solution of the differential equation 28. $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} + 0.25y = 0$, given y = 0 at x = 0 and $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1$ at x = 0 is (A) $xe^{0.5x} - xe^{-0.5x}$ (B) $0.5xe^{x} - 0.5xe^{-x}$ (C) $xe^{-0.5x}$ (D) $-xe^{0.5x}$ **(C)** Answer: The value of the integral **29.** $\int e^{-x^3} dx$ evaluated by Simpson's rule using 4 subintervals (up to 3 digits after the decimal point) is **Answer:** (0.38)In a process occurring in a closed system F, the heat transferred from F to the surroundings E is 600 J. If 30. the temperature of E is 300 K and that of F is in the range 380 - 400 K, the entropy changes of the surroundings (ΔS_E) and system (ΔS_F), in J/K, are given by (B) $\Delta S_E = -2, \Delta S_F = 2$ (A) $\Delta S_E = 2, \Delta S_F = -2$ (D) $\Delta S_E = 2, \Delta S_F > -2$ (C) $\Delta S_{\rm E} = 2$, $\Delta S_{\rm F} < -2$ Answer: **(D)** A binary liquid mixture is in equilibrium with its vapor at a temperature T = 300 K. The liquid mole 31. fraction x_1 of species 1 is 0.4 and the molar excess Gibbs free energy is 200 J/mol.



The value of the universal gas constant is 8.314 J/mol-K, and γ_i denotes the liquid-phase activity coefficient of species. If ln (γ_i) = 0.09, then the value of ln(γ_2), up to 2 digits after the decimal point, is

Answer: (0.0736)

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32. Water (density 1000 kg/m³) is flowing through a nozzle, as shown below and exiting to the atmosphere. The relationship between the diameters of the nozzle at locations 1 and 2 is $D_1 = 4 D_2$. The average velocity of the stream at location 2 is 16 m/s and the frictional loss between location 1 and location 2 is 10000 Pa. Assuming steady state and turbulent flow, the gauge pressure in Pa, at location 1 is ______.

Answer: (137500)

- **33.** In the elutriation leg of a commercial crystallizer containing a mixture of coarse and very fine crystals of the same material, a liquid is pumped vertically upward. The liquid velocity is adjusted such that it is slightly lower than the terminal velocity of the coarse crystals only. Hence
 - (A) the very fine and coarse crystals will both be carried upward by the liquid
 - (B) the very fine and coarse crystals will both settle at the bottom of the tube
 - (C) the very fine crystals will be carried upward and the coarse crystals will settle
 - (D) the coarse crystals will be carried upward and the very fine crystals will settle

Answer: (C)

34. 100 ton/h of a rock feed, of which 80% passed through a mesh size of 2.54 mm, were reduced in size such that 80% of the crushed product passed through a mesh size of 1.27 mm. The power consumption was 100 kW. If 100 ton/h of the same material is similarly crushed from a mesh size of 5.08 mm to a mesh size of 2.54 mm, the power consumption (in kW, to the nearest integer) using Bond's law, is _____.

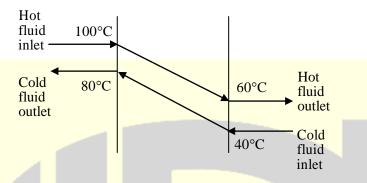
Answer: (70.7)

35. Calculate the heat required (in kJ, up to 1 digit after the decimal point) to raise the temperature of 1 mole of a solid material from 100°C to 1000°C. The specific heat (C_p) of the material (in J/mol-K) is expressed as $C_P = 20 + 0.005T$, where T is in K. Assume no phase change _____.

Answer: (21.07)

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36. In a double pipe counter-current heat exchanger, the temperature profiles shown in the figure were observed. During operation, due to fouling inside the pipe, the heat transfer rate reduces to half of the original value.



Assuming that the flow rates and the physical properties of the fluids do not change, the LMTD (in °C) in the new situation is

(A) 0	(B) 20	(C) 40	(D)	indeterminate

Answer: (C)

37. The vapor-liquid equilibrium curve of a binary mixture A-B, may be approximated by a linear equation over a narrow range of liquid mole fractions ($0.2 < x_A < 0.3$) as follows

 $y_A = 1.325x_A + 0.121$

Here y_A is the mole of fraction of A in the vapor. 100 moles of a feed $(x_{A,F} = 0.28)$ is batch distilled to a final residue $(x_{A,W} = 0.28)$. Using the Rayleigh equation, the number of moles of the residue left behind in the distillation unit, up to 2 digits after the decimal point, is _____.

Answer: (66.84)

38. A crosscurrent cascade of N ideal stages is used to treat a feed stream of molar flow rate E. The feed stream contains a solute which is to be recovered by a pure solvent having a molar flow rate S. The solvent is divided equally between these N stages. The linear equilibrium curve relating the mole fractions x and y* of the solute in the raffinate and the extract respectively, is given by $y^* = m x$. Assume dilute conditions. The ratio of the solute mole fraction in the original feed to that in the exit raffinate stream i.e. (x_0 / x_N) is given by



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(A) $\left[1 + \left(\frac{\text{mS}}{\text{NE}}\right)\right]$	(B)	$\left[1\!+\!\left(\frac{mS}{mE}\right)\right]^{N}$	(C) $\left[1 + \left(\frac{NS}{mE}\right)\right]^{N}$	(D)	$\left[1\!+\!\left(\frac{mE}{Ns}\right)\right]^{\!N}$
---	-----	---	---	-----	---

Answer: (A)

39. A study was conducted in which water was pumped through cylindrical pipes made of a sparingly soluble solid. For a given pipe and certain flow conditions, the mass transfer coefficient k_c has been calculated as 1 mm/s using the correlation; Sh = 0.025 Re^{0.6} Sc^{0.33}

If the velocity of the fluid and the diameter of the pipe are both doubled, what is the new value of k_c in mm/s, up to 2 digits after the decimal point ?

Answer: (A)

40. The gas phase decomposition of azomethane to give ethane and nitrogen takes place according to the following sequence of elementary reactions.

$$(CH_{3})_{2} N_{2} + (CH_{3})_{2} N_{2} \xrightarrow{K_{1}} (CH_{3})_{2} N_{2} + [(CH_{3})_{2} N_{2}]^{*}$$

$$[(CH_{3})_{2} N_{2}]^{*} + (CH_{3})_{2} N_{2} \xrightarrow{K_{2}} (CH_{3})_{2} N_{2} + (CH_{3})_{2} N_{2}$$

$$[(CH_{3})_{2} N_{2}]^{*} \xrightarrow{K_{3}} C_{2}H_{6} + N_{2}$$

Using the pseudo-steady-state-approximation for [(CH3)2N2]*, the order with respect to azomethane in the rate expression for the formation of ethane, in the limit of high concentrations of azomethane, is

.....

Answer: (1)

41. A first order liquid phase reaction is carried out isothermally at a steady state in a CSTR and 90% conversion is attained. With the same inlet conditions and for the same overall conversion, if the CSTR is replaced by two smaller and identical isothermal CSTRs in series, the % reduction in total volume, to the nearest integer, is _____.

Answer: (52)

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2.	Matc	h the reactant-product combination in G	the unit process in Group 2.	
		Group 1		Group 2
	(P)	propylene - butanol	(1)	Pyrolysis
	(Q)	cumene – phenol	(2)	Dehydrogenation
	(R)	butane – butadiene	(3)	Hydroformylation
	(S)	ethylene dichloride - vinyl chloride	(4)	Peroxidation
	(A)	P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1	(B)	P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1
	(C)	P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4	(D)	P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1
nsv	ver:	(D)		
3.	Ident	ify which of the following statements are	e FALSE.	
	(P)			more suitable than oils with a linolenic radic
		(3 double bonds) as film forming vehic		
	(Q)	Production of synthesis gas from coal a	-	
	(R)	Use of chlorine for bleaching of wood		-
	(S)	In the manufacture of urea from amn	nonia, the	main intermediate product formed is ammoniu
		bicarbonate		
	(A)	P and Q only	(B)	R and S only
	(C)	Q and R only	(D)	P and S only
nsv	ver:	(D)		
4.			has a period	l of oscillation 1 second and decay ratio 0.25. The
	trans	fer function of the process is		
	(A)	$\frac{1}{0.24s^2 + 0.067s + 1}$	(B)	$\frac{1}{0.67s^2 + 0.024s + 1}$
	(C)	$\frac{1}{0.021s^2 + 0.1176s + 1}$	(D)	$\frac{1}{0.1176s^2 + 0.021s + 1}$

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45. A control valve, with a turndown ratio of 50, follows equal percentage characteristics. The flow rate of a liquid through the valve at 40% stem position is 1 m³/h. What will be the flow rate in m³/h at 50% stem position, if the pressure drop across the valve remains unchanged? (Up to 2 digits after the decimal point.)

Answer: (1.478)

46. The purchase cost of a heat exchanger of 20 m² area was Rs. 500000 in 2006. What will be the estimated cost (in Rs. to the nearest integer) of a similar heat exchanger of 50 m2 area in the year 2013? Assume the six-tenths factor rule for scaling and the cost index for 2006 as 430.2. The projected cost index for the year 2013 is 512.6.

Answer: (1032386)

47. A plant manufactures compressors at the rate of N units/day. The daily fixed charges are Rs. 20000 and the variable cost per compressor is Rs. $500 + 0.2 \text{ N}^{1.3}$. The selling price per compressor is Rs. 1000. The number of compressors to be manufactured, to the nearest integer, in order to maximize the daily profit is ______.

Answer: (216)

Common Data for Questions: 48 & 49

A reverse osmosis unit treats feed water (F) containing fluoride and its output consists of a permeate stream (P) and a reject stream (R). Let C_F , C_P , and C_R denote the fluoride concentrations in the feed, permeate, and reject streams, respectively. Under steady state conditions, the volumetric flow rate of the reject is 60 % of the volumetric flow rate of the inlet stream, and $C_F = 2 \text{ mg/L}$ and $C_P = 0.1 \text{ mg/L}$.

48. The value of C_R in mg/L, up to one digit after the decimal point, is ______.

Answer: (3.26)

49. A fraction f of the feed is bypassed and mixed with the permeate to obtain treated water having a fluoride concentration of 1 mg/L. Here also the flow rate of the reject stream is 60% of the flow rate entering the reverse osmosis unit (after the bypass). The value of f, up to 2 digits after the decimal point, is

Answer: (0.286)



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Common Data for Questions: 50 & 51

Liquid reactant A decomposes as follows:

An aqueous feed of composition $C_{A0} = 30 \text{ mol/m}^3$, $C_{R0} = 2 \text{ mol/m}^3$, and $CS0=1 \text{ mol/m}^3$ enters a CSTR in which the above reactions occur. Assume isothermal and steady state conditions.

50. If the conversion of A is 80 %, the concentration of R in the exit stream in mol/m³, to the nearest integer, is_____.

Answer: (20)

51. What is the % conversion of A, to the nearest integer, so that the concentration of S in the exit stream is 11.8 mol/m³? _____.

Answer: (90)

Statement for Linked Answer Questions: 52 & 53

The vapor liquid equilibrium relation for an ideal binary system is given by

$$\mathbf{y}_{\mathrm{A}}^{*} = \frac{\alpha_{\mathrm{ABx}_{\mathrm{A}}}}{1 + (\alpha_{\mathrm{AB}} - 1)\mathbf{x}_{\mathrm{A}}}$$

Here x_A and y_A^* are the mole fractions of species A in the liquid and vapor, respectively. The relative volatility (α_{AB}) is greater than unity.

52. The liquid mole fraction x_A at which the maximum difference between the equilibrium vapour mole fraction and liquid mole fraction occurs is

(A)
$$\frac{1}{\left(1+\sqrt{\alpha_{AB}}\right)}$$
 (B) $\frac{0.75}{\left(1+\sqrt{\alpha_{AB}}\right)}$
(C) $\frac{0.5}{\left(\sqrt{\alpha_{AB}+1}\right)}$ (D) $\frac{0.75}{\left(\sqrt{\alpha_{AB}+1}\right)}$

Answer: (A)

3.				•	1		C .1 .1 .1 .			1 11 .111 4
5.	A liquid having the composition found in the first part of the linked answer question, is flash distilled at steady state to a final liquid mole fraction of 0.25. If \Box is 2.5, the fraction of the feed vaporized is									
	(A) 0.0			0.20	1011 01 0.2	J. II 🗆	(C)	0.67		0.74
				0.20			(0)	0.07	(D)	0.71
Answ	er:	(C)								
			State	ment for	· Linked A	Answer	Questions: 54	& 55		
	Consid	der the follo	owing transf	er function	on					
		$G_p(s) = \frac{1}{(2)}$	$\frac{5}{(s+1)^4}$							
	(Note:	The unit o	f the process	s time co	nstant is ii	n second	s.)			
4.			equency (in r							
	(A)	20	(B)	0.1		(C)	0.5	(D)	0.05	
Insw	er:	(C)								
5.	For the	e computati	ion of Zi <mark>eg</mark> le	er-Nichol	ls settings,	the ultin	nate period (in	s/cycle) and	l the ulti	mate gain ar
	(A)	π and 0.8, π	respectively			(B)	4π and 0.8, re	espectively		
	(C)	4π and 1.2 :	5, respective	ly		(D)	π and 1.25, re	spectively		
Answ	er:	(B)								

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GENERAL APTITUDE

Q. No. 56 – 60 Carry One Mark Each

56. If $3 \le X \le 5$ and $8 \le Y \le 11$ then which of the following options is TRUE? (A) $\frac{3}{5} \le \frac{X}{Y} \le \frac{8}{5}$ (B) $\frac{3}{11} \le \frac{X}{Y} \le \frac{8}{8}$ (C) $\frac{3}{11} \le \frac{X}{Y} \le \frac{8}{5}$ (D) $\frac{3}{5} \le \frac{X}{Y} \le \frac{8}{11}$ Answer: **(B) 57.** The Headmaster ______ to speak to you. Which of the following options is incorrect to complete the above sentence? (B) wants (C) want (D) was wanting (A) is wanting **(C)** Answer: 58. Mahatma Gandhi was known for his humility as he played an important role in humiliating exit of British from India. (A) he worked for humanitarian causes. **(B)** (C) he displayed modesty in his interactions. (D) he was a fine human being. Answer: **(C)** All engineering students should learn mechanics, mathematics **59.** I Π III and how to do computation. IV Which of the above underlined parts of the sentence is not appropriate? (A) I (B) II (C) III (D) IV Answer: **(D)** © All rights reserved by Thinkcell Learning Solutions Pvt. Ltd. No part of this booklet may be reproduced or utilized in any form without the written permission.

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60.	Select the pair that	best expresses a relat	ionship similar to that e	expressed in the pair:	
	water: pipe ::				
	(A) cart: road		(B) electricity: wire		
	(C) sea: beach		(D) music: instrum	ent	
Ansv	wer: (B)				
		O. No. 61	- 65 Carry Two Mark	s Each	
		2110001	of carry two marries		
61.	Velocity of an obj	ect fired directly in	upward direction is given	ven by $V = 80 - 32 t$, v	w <mark>here t (time) is</mark> in
	seconds. When will	the velocity be betw	veen 32 m/sec and 64 m	ı/sec?	
	(A) (1, 3/2)	(B) (1/2, 1)	(C) (1/2,	3/2) (D) (1,	3)
Ans	wer: (C)				
0	In a factoria tara	mashinga M1 a	d M2 manufacture (00/ and 400/ of the	
62.				0% and $40%$ of the	-
		-		M2 are found to be defe	-
	-		onned lot is found defe	ective, what is the prol	bability that it was
	manufactured by M				
	(A) 0.35	(B) 0.45	(C) 0.5	(D) 0.4	
Ansy	wer: (C)				
			11.00		

63. Following table gives data on tourists from different countries visiting India in the year 2011.

Country	Number of Tourists
USA	2000
England	3500
Germany	1200
Italy	1100
Japan	2400
Australia	2300
France	1000

Which two countries contributed to the one third of the total number of tourists who visited India in 2011?

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(A)	USA and Japan	(B)	USA and	Australia	
(C)	England and France	(D)	Japan and	d Australia	
Answer:	(C)				
4. If -2	X+9 = 3 then the possible value		ld be:		
(A)	30 (B) -30	(C)	-42	(D)	42
Answer:	(B)				
5. All pr	ofessors are researchers				
Some	e scientists are professors				
Whic	ch of the given conclusions is lo	gically valid and is	inferred fro	om the above ar	guments:
(A)	All scientists are researchers				
(B)	All professors are scientists				
(C)	Some researchers are scientist	s			
(D)	No conclusion follows				_
Answer:	(C)				
	***	END OF THE PA	PER *	**	